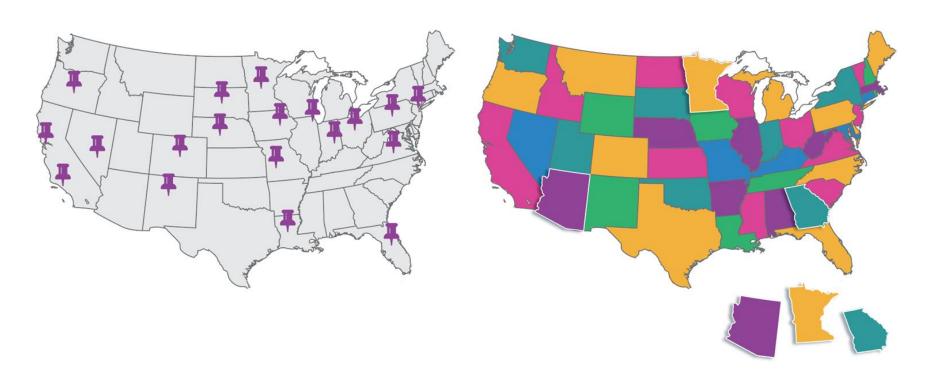
Missouri State Power Audit

September 2018
Presented by Kirk Noden and Tammy Thomas Miles

Building governing power in states requires a radical change in approach.



Application of the Framework

Using the Changing States Framework as a tool to make this shift both **for practitioners and for funders.**

Performed in-person, video interviews with 25-30 leaders per state.

Up-to-date state level research of conditions: demography, economy, politics, geography.

Additional research in three of the six arenas: electoral, judicial, and corporate.

Analysis of in-state capacity, as well as strategic opportunities and considerations.

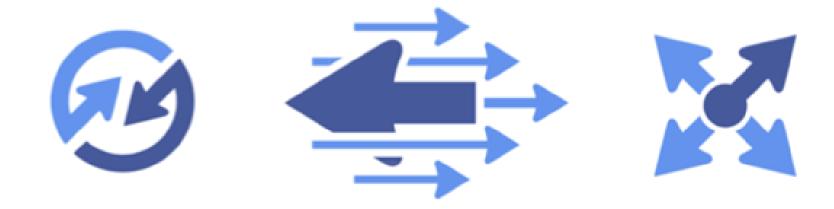


Missouri

We need to build power that starts to dismantle the St. Louis and Kansas City versus everybody else, that we are finding ways to actually get unlikely people to be in the same room, black people and white farmers in a room recognizing that you might not live in the same zip code, but you are still tied, your destiny is still tied to each other.



Missouri Power Audit: Conditions

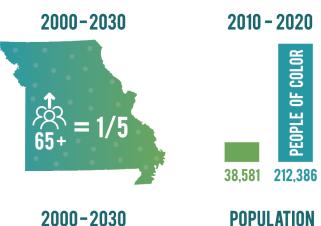


Understanding Missouri Conditions: Demography

Grow older, on average. By 2030, persons over age 65 will make up more than one-fifth of all Missourians. Senior citizens are expected to increase 87% between 2000 and 2030, when there are projected to be 1.4 million seniors.

Growth Anchored by People of Color: In the next 30 years, People of Color in MO will increase by 783,000 while the state is projected to lose 234,000 white residents over the same time period. This does not rise to the level of demographic tipping point.

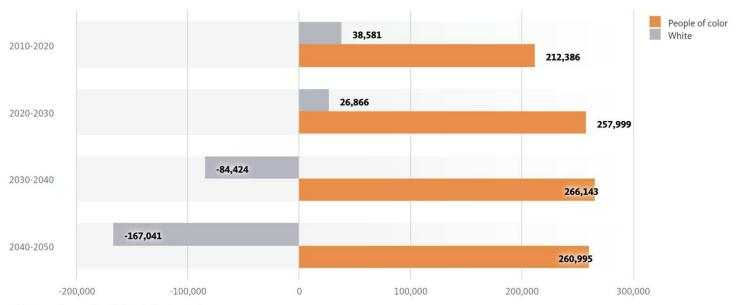
Maintain its population with limited growth and immigration. Natural change is expected to add an average of 244,000 Missourians per decade. Moreover, net migration (those migrating in compared to those migrating out) is expected to increase by 139,000 persons every 10 years.





Understanding Missouri Conditions: Demography

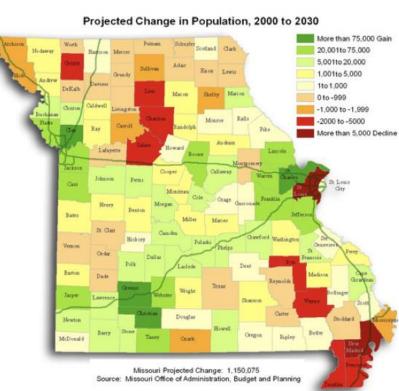
Change in population by race: Missouri, 2010-2050



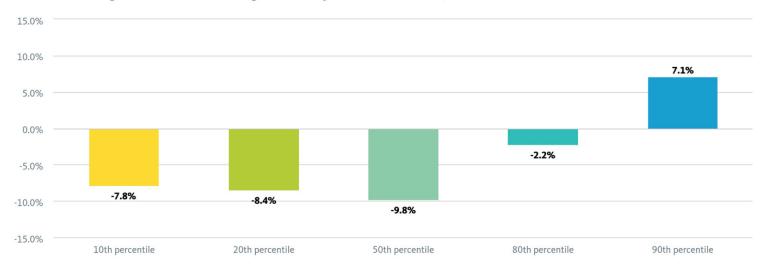
Understanding Missouri Conditions:

Geography

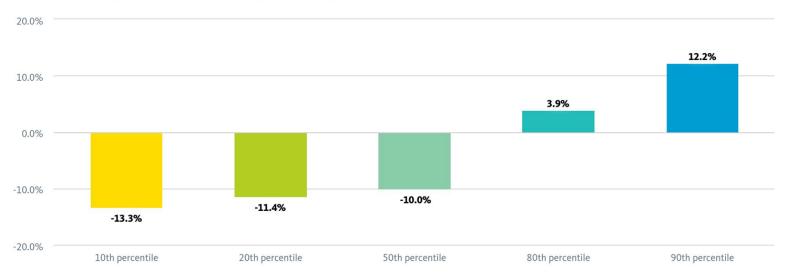
- Population is becoming more concentrated in the suburbs and exurbs.
- 25% of the population lives in Rural Communities, and its decreasing.
- Major Metro Areas are bi-State, local markets share consumer and worker pools



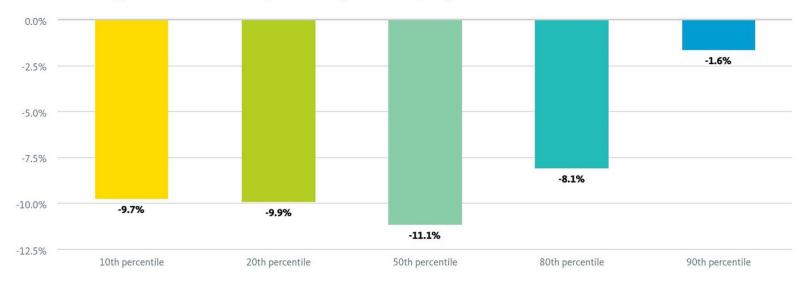
Earned income growth for full-time wage and salary workers: Missouri, 1980-2015



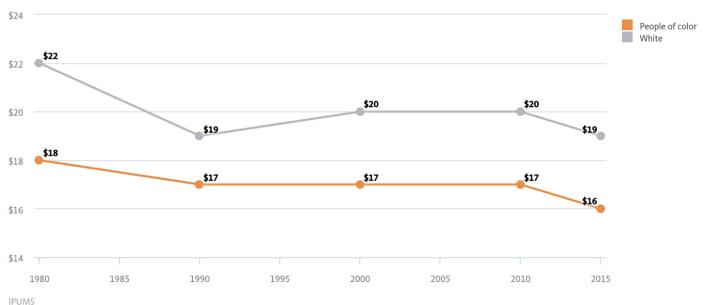
Earned income growth for full-time wage and salary workers: St. Louis, MO-IL Metro Area, 1980-2015



Earned income growth for full-time wage and salary workers: Springfield, MO Metro Area, 1980-2015

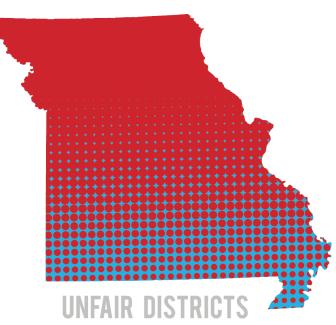


Median hourly wage by race/ethnicity: Missouri, 1980-2015



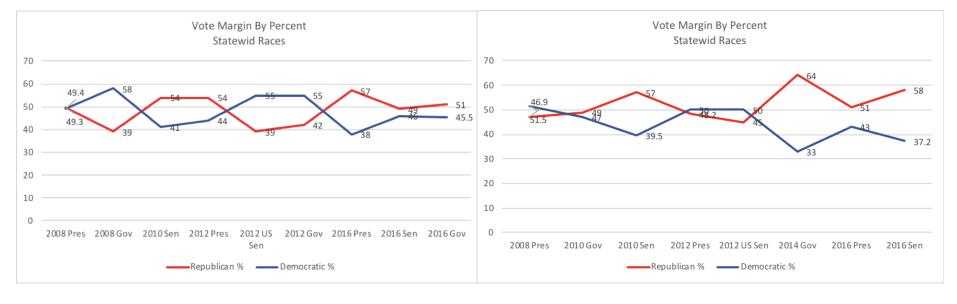
Missouri Conditions:
Political

- Is Missouri a **Swing State**?
- Structural Barriers are undermining representation, connection, and accountability between voters and state legislature
- 7 of every 8 legislative districts (87% of total) are now completely safe for one party or the other

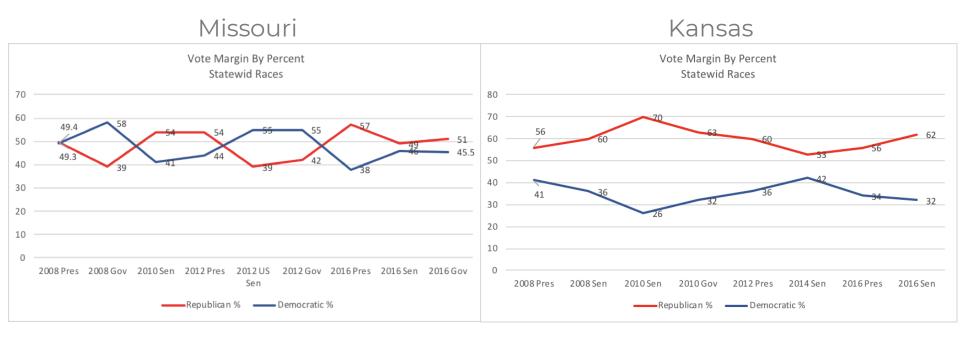


Missouri Conditions: Political

Missouri Ohio



Missouri Conditions: Political



Missouri Conditions: Political

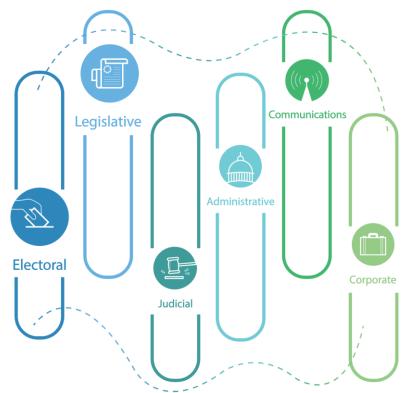
Headwinds:

- ⇒ Gerrymandering/ Unfair Districts
- ⇒ No Contribution Limits
- ⇒ Voter Suppression
- ⇒ Slow Demographic Change

Contest for power in and across all arenas

We are contesting effectively when we are:

- Aware of **power constructs**;
- Able to disrupt, replace, and realign power toward a progressive alternative; and
- Clear on interplays/connections among arenas and navigate opportunities and choices.

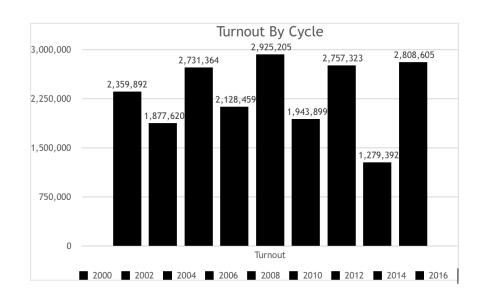


Missouri Arenas: Electoral

One prediction of 2018 **drop off** for Missouri Rising American Electorate voters, **younger voters**, **voters of color and unmarried women**, will be **39.5%** or **531,392** voters.

In St. Louis city, where nearly half the population is African-American, voter turnout was **67.6 percent in 2016**, compared to 74 percent in 2012 and **83 percent in 2008**.

A staggering **46,000 Black Missourians who voted in 2012 did not turn out in 2016** — more than 10% of the Black electorate



Missouri Arenas: Electoral







Raise Up Missouri would raise the state minimum wage from \$7.85/hour to \$8.60 in 2019 and then \$.85 per year thereafter until it is \$12 in 2023

Clean Missouri would create more fair and competitive state legislative districts; strengthen contribution limits for legislative candidates; enact strong lobbyist gift limits and revolving-door reforms; ensure transparency in the General Assembly.

We Are Missouri repealed corporatesponsored Right to Work legislation passed by the legislature in 2017

Missouri Snapshot: Electoral Arena

Electoral strategy must be in service of power building, not the other way around.

Chart of Contested in 2018:



State Auditor Race



Statewide Ballot Initiatives
Minimum Wage and Clean Elections



6 State Legislative Districts

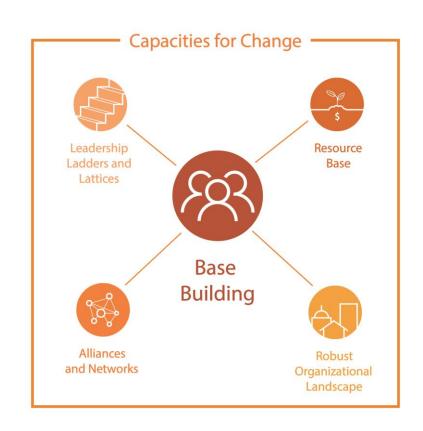


1 US Senate Races

Missouri Capacities:

Toplines:

- **5 Core Capacities:** Base Building, Alliances and Networks, Leadership Ladders and Lattices, Resource Base, Robust Organizational Landscape
- **Base Building** is at the ecosystem's center.
- Full ecosystem depends on the collective strength of these capacities



Missouri Snapshot: Capacities

The way in which we contest matters.

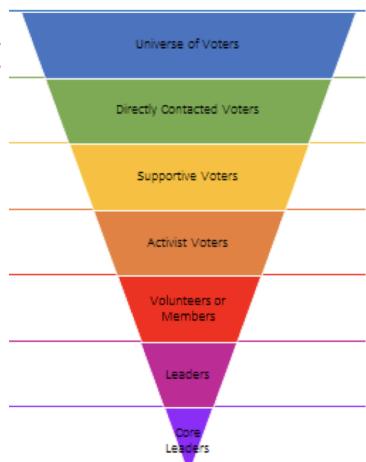
Deploying our strategies must advance our path to governance AND build the capacity of our ecosystem.

		Existing Capacities	Moving Toward Governing
Base Building	Building	MO Jobs with Justice, MO Faith Voices, MO Rural Crisis Center, Organization for Black Struggle, Missourians Organizing for Reform and Empowerment, Action St. Louis, MCU, NARAL, Sierra Club, Planned Parenthood, NAACP, MORE2.	Breadth of Groups but not depth of organizing and membership. Strengthen organizing in communities of color, young people, expand rural and suburban organizing.
Resource Base	Influencing	Philanthropy for Systemic Change, Shared Roots Project, national funders such as OSF and Wellspring	Identifying, enlisting additional state and national donors and philanthropy, funding directly to states, limiting national intermediaries
Robust Organizational Landscape	Influencing	Organizing, base building, legal advocacy, data and analytics, electoral vehicles	Communications and messaging, leadership pipelines, research and policy in service to base
Alliances and Networks	Building	MOVE and MOVE Action	Hubs beyond likely allies, and alliances beyond electorally-centered goals
Leadership Lattices	Forming	Leaders in key roles	Get to scale, build calvary ready for governance.

Missouri Capacities: Base Building

Understanding the depth and breadth of organizational:

- 1. Membership
- 2. Leadership development
- 3. Constituencies and geography
- 4. Ability to grow and move a base consistently over time.



Missouri Capacities: Black Led Organizing

Strengths

- The values around criminal justice, restorative justice and racial justice are aligned amongst Black led organizations.
- The defeat of 27-year incumbent Bob McCulloch, and the election of Kim Gardner as Prosecutor and Vernon Betts as Sheriff in St. Louis City were both firsts for African Americans and are products of Black organizing.
- There are emerging Black leaders politicized by Ferguson taking new leadership roles.



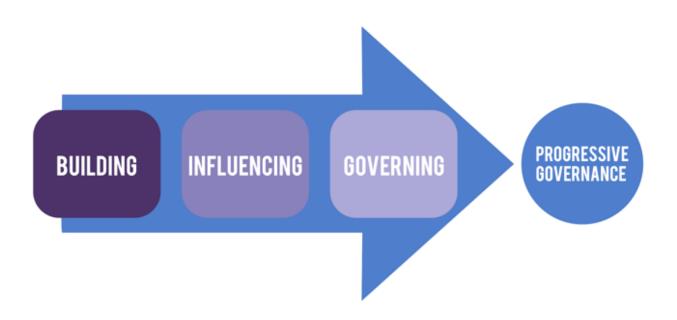
Resilience

Missouri Capacities: Black Led Organizing

Gaps

- Black led organizations continue to be marginally funded or unfunded, have minimal staff and rely heavily on volunteer resources. Resources raised, ie. money, people, materials, etc. that came in during the Ferguson uprising did not address the infrastructure vacuum.
- Black led organizations understand the need to turn out the Black vote but feel that many Black voters do not truly feel represented, their issues aren't prioritized
- MO needs black led organizations that can work across the state and in cities and towns outside of St. Louis. In particular, investments in Kansas City and the Bootheel are needed.
- Limited leadership pipelines for Black leaders

Missouri Capacities: Initial Recommendations



Missouri: Recommendations

#1: Increase Base Building Capacity

Scale up or incubate new organizations to organize:

- (1) Black and other people of color communities,
- (2) youth,
- (3) seniors,
- (4) suburban/exurban regions
- (5) people living in small towns.

Missouri's strengths is that it has core of base building groups that are "shovel ready" and can be scaled up.

Missouri: Recommendations

#2: Strengthen Emerging State Tables and Technical Assistance

Centralized technical support can encourage alignment among groups and allow organizations to focus on their core organizing mission. Investments in these "hubs" can impact many groups at once and the economies of scale allow more senior, experienced staff to engage with groups.

Missouri: Recommendations

#3 Develop Leadership Pipelines Across the Missouri Ecosystem

Missouri needs something beyond this that is intentional, methodical, and reaches across the entire ecosystem.

The state needs dedicated staff focused on talent development and recruitment with a particular focus on people of color, strategies for retention, and an approach that follows talent as it moves through the ecosystem from community organizations to labor to philanthropy to politics to policy groups.

Missouri: Emerging Recommendations

Democratic participation must have three (interrelated) characteristics: it must be **powerful**, **possible**, and **probable**. Put another way, in order to succeed, participation has to make a difference (powerful), people have to be able to participate (possible), and they have to want to participate (probable).

-Hahrie Han

A Program Review of the Promoting Electoral Reform and Democratic Participation (PERDP)Initiative of the Ford Foundation

Missouri Power Audit

CHANGING STATES

BUILDING POWER ON THE FRONTLINES: MISSOURI

CREATED IN PARTNERSHIP WITH
THE USC PROGRAM FOR
ENVIRONMENTAL AND REGIONAL EQUITY

